



# **BHARAT SHAH & ASSOCIATES**

## **CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS**

512, Vyapar Bhavan, 49, P. D'Mello Road, Carnac Bunder, Mumbai - 400 009.  
Phone : (022) 2348 5670 • Telefax : (022) 2348 1027 Mobile : +91 98202 80034  
Email : bharatshah23@gmail.com

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

**To the Members of KLG Stock Brokers Private Ltd.**

#### **Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements**

##### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS Financial Statements of **KLG Stock Brokers Private Ltd.** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("IndAS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, the loss and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

##### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements.

##### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements of the current year. We have determined that there are no Key Matters to Communicate in our report.

##### **Information Other than the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon**

The company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is other information included in Board of Directors Report including Annexure to such report but does not include the standalone financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.







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In connection with our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Ind AS Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Standalone Ind AS Financial Statement**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SA's will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SA's, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;







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- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure - A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:

(a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.





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- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended; we would like to state that the remuneration which is paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position in its standalone Ind AS financial statements;
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses; and
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

AS PER OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE  
For BHARAT SHAH & ASSOCIATES,  
Chartered Accountants  
(Firm Reg. No.: 101249W)

*Shah Bharat*

(BHARAT A. SHAH)  
PROPRIETOR  
Membership No.32281



PLACE: Mumbai  
DATE: 29.05.2024  
UDIN: 24032281BKFIUF6139





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### Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in our report to the members of KLG Stock Brokers Private Ltd. ("the Company") for the year Ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024. We report that:

- i. (A) The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
- (B) There are no intangible assets owned by the company hence this clause is not applicable
- (C) All the fixed assets has been physically verified by the management during the year which in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and nature of its fixed assets and no material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
- (D) The Company does not hold any immovable property; hence clause (c) is not applicable.
- (E) The company has not revalued any of his property, Plant & Equipment during the year
- (F) No Proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the company as at March 31<sup>st</sup> 2024 for holding any benami property under The Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as Amended in 2016) and the rules made thereunder.
- ii. The Company doesn't have any inventory, hence this clause is Not Applicable.
- iii. During the year The company has not made any fresh investment or provided any guarantee or security or granted any Loans and advances in the nature of Loans secured or unsecured to Companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnership or any other entity
  - (a) (A) There is an outstanding Loans & Advance balanced of Rs.30,30,000/- and there is no loans & advances and guarantees to holding company, Joint Ventures and associates
  - (B) There is an Outstanding Loans & Advance balance of Rs.30,30,000/- to parties other than holding company, joint ventures & Associates which is nature of Interest free Deposits.
  - (b) The Investments made, guarantee provided, security given and Terms & Conditions of Giving all Loans and advances in nature of Loan and guarantee provided in our opinion are prime facie not pre judicial to the interest of the company
  - (c) (c),(d) & (e) Since the Loans and Advances in the nature of Loans are repayable on demand and there is not stipulation regarding terms or period of repayment the clause (c), (d), &(e) are not applicable
  - (f) There are total loans of Rs. 30,30,000/- which are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment, aggregate amount of Loans& Advances of Rs.30,30,000/- and which is 100% of Total Loans & Advances granted and there are no amount of loan granted to promoters, related parties as defined in clause (76) of Section 2 of Companies Act, 2013





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- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, investments, guarantees, and securities granted in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act 2013 are applicable and hence not commented upon.
- v. According to information and explanation given to us, the company has not accepted any public deposits, and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed there under are not applicable for the year under audit.
- vi. We have been informed by the management that the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records for the Company under sub-section(1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore the provision of clause (vi) of para 3 is not applicable.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the company is generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income-tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty, Cess, GST and other material statutory dues applicable with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanation given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid dues were outstanding as at 31st March 2024, for the period of more than six months from the date becoming payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us there are no dues of Income Tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, Sales Tax, Customs Duty, Excess Duty, VAT and Cess on account of any dispute which have not been deposited.
- viii. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income in tax Assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 during the year
- ix. (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of Loans or other borrowings or in payment of interest to any Lender.
- (b) The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any Bank or Financial Institution or other lender
- (c) The Company has not taken any Term Loan during the year & there are no unutilized term loan at the beginning of the year and hence reporting under clause ix.(c) is Not applicable
- (d) On overall examination of the financial statement of the company funds raised on short term basis have prime facie not been used during the year for long term purposes of the company
- (e) On Overall examination of the financial statements of the company, the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of his associate company. The Company did not have any subsidiary or Joint venture during the year.
- (f) Company has not raised any Loan during the year on the pledge of security of its holding company hence reporting under clause ix. (f) of the Order is not applicable







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- x. (a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including Debt Instruments) during the year. Therefore provision of Clause x.(a) of order is not applicable
- (b) During the year Company has not made any preferential allotment or Private placement of shares or convertible debenture (fully/Partly/optionally) and hence reporting under Clause x.(b) is not applicable to the company
- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted Auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanations given to us they have neither come across any instance of material fraud on or by the Company noticed or reported during the year, nor have been informed of such case by the Management
- (b) to the best of our knowledge no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the central Government during the year and up to the date of this Report
- (c) There are no whistle blower Complaints received by the company during the year and upto the date of the report
- xii. The company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore the Reporting under clause (xii) (a),(b) and (c) of the order is not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 wherever applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements etc, as required by the applicable accounting standard.
- xiv. (a) In Our Opinion the company has adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business
- (b) Since the Company is a Small Company, the internal Audit work is assigned to separate officer of the company, its internal Audit report for the audit period is considered by us.
- xv. In our Opinion the company during the year the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with any of its directors or directors of its Holding Company, Subsidiary company, associate Company or persons connected with such directors and hence provisions of section 192 of Companies Act is not applicable to Company
- xvi. (a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- (b) The Company has not conducted any non-Banking Financial or housing activities without a valid Certificate of Registration from RBI





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- (c) A Company is not a core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in Regulation of Reserve Bank of India so it does not required to register as CIC
- (d) The Group does not have more than one CIC accordingly reporting under Clause XVI.(d) is not applicable
- xvii. The Company has incurred cash loss of Rs. 30,610/- in current financial year and incurred Cash loss of Rs. 45,363/- in the preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditor of the company during the year.
- xix. On the basis of Financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of Realization of Financial Assets & Payment of Financial Liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of board of directors and Managements plans and based on our examination of evidence supporting the assumption nothing has come to our attention which cause us to believe that any material uncertainty exist as on the date of Audit report indicating that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing as on the date of Balance sheet
- xx. The Provision of Section 135 of The Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the company during the year and hence reporting under this clause is not applicable

AS PER OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE  
For BHARAT SHAH & ASSOCIATES,  
Chartered Accountants  
(Firm Reg. No.: 101249W)

*Shah Bharat A*

(BHARAT A. SHAH)  
PROPRIETOR  
Membership No.32281



PLACE: Mumbai  
DATE:29.05.2024  
UDIN: 24032281BKFIUF6139





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### **Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' Report**

**The Annexure referred to in our report to the members of KLG Stock Brokers Private Ltd. ("the Company") for the year Ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024.**

**Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **KLG Stock Brokers Private Ltd.** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

### **Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements based on our audit. We have conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and as issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.





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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements.

### **Meaning of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements**

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements.

### **Inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.







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### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

AS PER OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE  
For BHARAT SHAH & ASSOCIATES,  
Chartered Accountants  
(Firm Reg. No.: 101249W)

*Shah Bharat*

(BHARAT A. SHAH)  
PROPRIETOR  
Membership No. 32281  
PLACE: Mumbai  
DATE: 29.05.2024  
UDIN: 24032281BKFIUF6139



# KLG Stock Brokers Private Limited

## Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
<b>I ASSETS</b>			
<b>(1) NON CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Financial Assets			
Other Non Current Financial Assets	2	<u>1,00,000</u>	<u>1,00,000</u>
		1,00,000	1,00,000
<b>(2) Current Assets</b>			
Financial Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3	20,177	20,287
Other Current Financial Assets	4	30,30,000	30,30,000
		30,50,177	30,50,287
<b>TOTAL</b>		<u><b>31,50,177</b></u>	<u><b>31,50,287</b></u>
<b>II EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>(1) EQUITY</b>			
Equity Share Capital	5	36,00,000	36,00,000
Other Equity	6	<u>(7,25,601)</u>	<u>(6,94,991)</u>
		28,74,399	29,05,009
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>(2) Current Liabilities</b>			
Financial Liabilities			
Short Term Borrowings	7	1,75,278	1,74,278
Other Financial Liabilities	8	1,00,500	71,000
		2,75,778	2,45,278
<b>TOTAL</b>		<u><b>31,50,177</b></u>	<u><b>31,50,287</b></u>
Significant Accounting Policies	1		
Notes on Financial Statements	2-16		

In terms of our report of even date attached  
For BHARAT SHAH & ASSOCIATES,  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No. 101249W

*Bharat A. Shah*

BHARAT A. SHAH  
PROPRIETOR  
Membership No. 32281

PLACE: Mumbai  
DATE : 29-05-2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

*Chintan Rajesh Chheda*  
Chintan Rajesh Chheda  
(Director)  
DIN: 08098371

*Arun Sahu*  
Arun Sahu  
(Director)  
DIN: 02591407





# KLG Stock Brokers Private Limited

## Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2024

Particulars	Note	Amount in Rs	
		For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
<b>REVENUE</b>			
Revenue from Operations		-	-
Other Income		-	-
Total Revenue		-	-
<b>EXPENSES</b>			
Other Expenses	9	30,610	45,363
Total Expenses		30,610	45,363
<b>Profit / (Loss) Before Tax</b>		(30,610)	(45,363)
Tax Expense - Current Tax		-	-
- Deferred Tax		-	-
<b>Profit (Loss) After Tax</b>		(30,610)	(45,363)
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>		-	-
<b>Total Comprehensive Income for the year</b>		(30,610)	(45,363)
Earnings per Equity share of Rs. 10/- each	16		
- Basic (In Rupees)		(0.09)	(0.13)
- Diluted (In Rupees)		(0.09)	(0.13)
Significant Accounting Policies	1		
Notes on Financial Statements	2-16		

In terms of our report of even date attached  
For BHARAT SHAH & ASSOCIATES,  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No.101249W

*Bharat Shah*

BHARAT A. SHAH  
PROPRIETOR  
Membership No. 32281

PLACE: Mumbai  
DATE : 29-05-2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

*Chintan*  
Chintan Rajesh Chheda  
(Director)  
DIN: 08098371

*Arun Sahu*  
Arun Sahu  
(Director)  
DIN: 02591407



# KLG Stock Brokers Private Limited

## Cash Flow Statement

Sr. No.	Particulars	Mar-24	Mar-23
<b>A</b>	<b>Cash Flow from Operating Activities</b>		
	Net Profit / (Loss) before Tax	(30,610)	(45,363)
	Adjustments for :-		
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	-	-
	Interest Income	-	-
	Impairment of Property, plant and equipments	-	-
	<b>Operating profit before working capital changes</b>	<b>(30,610)</b>	<b>(45,363)</b>
	<b>Adjusted for</b>		
	Trade and Other Receivables		189
	Trade and Other Payables	30,500	45,174
	<b>Cash Generated from Operations</b>	<b>(110)</b>	-
	Direct Taxes (Paid) / Refund	-	-
	<b>Net Cash from/(used in) Operating Activities</b>	<b>(110)</b>	-
<b>B</b>	<b>Cash Flow from Investing Activities</b>		
	Interest Received	-	-
	<b>Net Cash used in Investing Activities</b>	-	-
<b>C</b>	<b>Cash Flow from Financing Activities</b>		
	Short Term Borrowings (Net)	-	-
	<b>Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities</b>	-	-
	<b>Net (decrease) / increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)</b>	<b>(110)</b>	-
	Cash & Cash Equivalents - Opening balance	20,287	20,287
	Cash & Cash Equivalents - Closing balance	20,177	20,287

**Notes:**

- (1) The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the "indirect method" as set out in Ind AS 7 - Statement on Cash
- (2) Figures in brackets indicate outflow.
- (3) Previous Year figures have been regrouped / rearranged / recasted wherever necessary to make them comparable with those of current year.

In terms of our report of even date attached  
For BHARAT SHAH & ASSOCIATES,  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No.101249W

*Shah Bharat A.*

BHARAT A. SHAH  
PROPRIETOR  
Membership No. 32281

PLACE: Mumbai  
DATE : 29-05-2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

*Chintan*  
Chintan Rajesh Chheda  
(Director)  
DIN: 08098371

*Arun*  
Arun Sahu  
(Director)  
DIN: 02591407





# KLG Stock Brokers Private Limited

## Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2024

### A Equity Share Capital

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	No of Shares	Amount	No of Shares	Amount
Equity shares at the beginning of the year	3,60,000	36,00,000	3,60,000	36,00,000
Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Equity shares at the end of the year	3,60,000	36,00,000	3,60,000	36,00,000

### B Other Equity

Particulars	Amount in Rs	
	Retained Earnings	
As at April 01, 2023		
Loss for the year	(6,49,626)	
	(45,363)	
As at March 31, 2024	(6,94,991)	
Loss for the year	(30,610)	
As at March 31, 2024	(7,25,601)	

In terms of our report of even date attached  
For BHARAT SHAH & ASSOCIATES,  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No. 101249W

*Bharat A. Shah*

BHARAT A. SHAH  
PROPRIETOR  
Membership No. 32281

PLACE: Mumbai  
DATE: 29-05-2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

*Chintan Rajesh Chheda*  
Chintan Rajesh Chheda  
(Director)  
DIN: 08098371

*Aradhya Sahu*  
Aradhya Sahu  
(Director)  
DIN: 02591407



# KLG Stock Brokers Private Limited

## Notes to Financial Statements

### Note 2

#### OTHER NON CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS (Unsecured & considered good)

Particulars	Amount in Rs	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Security Deposits	1,00,000	1,00,000
Total	1,00,000	1,00,000

### Note 3

#### CASH AND CASH EQUIVALANTS

Particulars	Amount in Rs	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Balances with Banks		
- In Current Accounts	11,969	12,079
Cash on Hand	8,208	8,208
Total	20,177	20,287

### Note 4

#### OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS (Unsecured & considered good)

Particulars	Amount in Rs	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Advance recoverable in cash or in kind for value	30,000	30,000
Rent Deposit to related party	30,00,000	30,00,000
Total	30,30,000	30,30,000

### Note 5

#### SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars	Amount in Rs	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Equity Shares		
Authorised		
35,00,000 (35,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	3,50,00,000	3,50,00,000
Issued, Subscribed and Fully paid up		
3,60,000 (3,60,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- Each (Fully Paid up)	36,00,000	36,00,000
Total	36,00,000	36,00,000

#### (a) Reconciliation of Equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	Amount in Rs			
	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	No of Shares	Amount	No of Shares	Amount
Equity shares at the beginning of the year	3,60,000	36,00,000	3,60,000	36,00,000
Add: Shares Issued during the year				
Equity shares at the end of the year	3,60,000.00	36,00,000	3,60,000	36,00,000

#### (b) Shareholders holding more than 5% Shares in the Company

Shares held by	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	No of Shares	% Holding	No of Shares	% Holding
KLG Capital Services Limited	3,60,000	100.00	3,60,000	100.00

#### (c) Terms and Rights attached to Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of Equity Share having par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation of the company, the equity share holders will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amount. The distribution will be in proportionate to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.





# KLG Stock Brokers Private Limited

## Notes to Financial Statements

### Note 6 Other Equity

Particulars	As of March 31, 2024	As of March 31, 2023
Retained Earning		
- Balance at beginning of the year	(6,94,991)	(6,49,628)
- Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year	(30,610)	(45,363)
Total	(7,25,601)	(6,94,991)

### Note 7 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS

Particulars	As of March 31, 2024	As of March 31, 2023
Unsecured Loans from: Holding Company	1,75,278	1,74,278
Total	1,75,278	1,74,278

### Note 8 OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Particulars	As of March 31, 2024	As of March 31, 2023
Other Payables	1,00,500	71,000
Total	1,00,500	71,000

### Note 9 OTHER EXPENSES

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Payment to Auditors		
- Audit Fees	29,500	29,500
Professional Fees	-	-
ROC Filing Fees	-	15,474
Telephone Expenses	1,110	389
Total	30,610	45,363



# KLG Stock Brokers Private Limited

## Notes to Financial Statements

### Note - 1

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

##### a. General Information

KLG Stock Brokers Private Limited was incorporated on 01st September, 2010. The Company is domiciled in India having registered office at SKL House, 209, Bank Street Cross Lanne, Fort, Mumbai-400 023. The Company is mainly engaged as a Deposit Based Trading Member of Cash Segment and Equity Derivatives Segment of BSE.

##### b. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements:

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, on the accrual basis. The Company has prepared its Financial Statements in accordance with Indian GAAP, including accounting standards (AS) notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended), which is considered as "Previous GAAP".

The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 29th May, 2024.

##### c. Functional and Presentation Currency:

The Financial Statements are presented in Indian rupees which is the functional currency for the Company.

##### d. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with Ind - AS requires use of estimates and assumptions for some items, which might have an effect on their recognition and measurement in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss. The actual amounts realised may differ from these estimates. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Differences between the actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known / materialised and if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the Financial Statements.

Estimates and assumptions are required in particular for:

i. Determination of the estimated useful life of tangible assets and the assessment as to which components of the cost may be capitalized. Useful life of tangible assets is based on the life prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. In cases, where the useful life is different from that prescribed in Schedule II, it is based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, estimated usage and operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement and maintenance support. Assumptions also need to be made, when the Company assesses, whether an asset may be capitalised and which components of the cost of the asset may be capitalised.

##### i. Recognition of deferred tax assets

A deferred tax asset is recognised for all the deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised. The management assumes that taxable profits will be available while recognising deferred tax assets.

##### ii. Recognition and measurement of other provisions

The recognition and measurement of other provisions are based on the assessment of the probability of an outflow of resources, and on past experience and circumstances known at the balance sheet date. The actual outflow of resources at a future date may, therefore, vary from the figure included in other provisions.

##### iv. Discounting of long-term financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are required to be measured at fair value on initial recognition. In case of financial liabilities, which are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost, interest is accrued using the effective interest method.

##### f. Current Versus Non Current Classification:

##### i. The assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet are based on current/ non - current classification. An asset is current when it is:

1. Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
2. Held primarily for the purpose of trading
3. Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
4. Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
5. All other assets are classified as non-current.

##### ii. A liability is current when it is:

1. Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
  2. Held primarily for the purpose of trading
  3. Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
  4. There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
- All other liabilities are treated as non - current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

##### g. Significant Accounting Policies:

##### i. Property, Plant and Equipments:

- i. All other property, plant and equipments have been carried at value in accordance with the previous GAAP.
- ii. Property, plant and equipments are stated at cost net of central / value added tax less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. All costs, including finance costs incurred up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use.



# KLG Stock Brokers Private Limited

## Notes to Financial Statements

### II Depreciation:

- i. Depreciation on Tangible Fixed Assets is provided on the Straight Line Method over the useful life of assets prescribed in Part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The Management believes that the useful lives prescribed in Part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 best represents the period over which management expects to use assets.
- ii. In respect of additions/extensions forming an integral part of existing assets, depreciation has been provided over residual life of the respective assets. Significant addition which are required to be replaced/performed at regular interval are depreciated over the useful

### III Revenue Recognition:

- i. Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis.
- ii. Dividend is considered when the right to receive is established.

### IV Financial Instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### Financial Assets

##### i Classification

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

##### ii Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

##### iii Financial Assets measured at amortised cost:

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost when asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows and contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss. This category generally applies to trade and other

##### iv Financial Assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI):

Financial assets under this category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognised in the other comprehensive income.

##### v Financial Assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

Financial assets under this category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value with all changes recognised in

##### vi Investment in Subsidiary and Associates:

Investment in equity instruments of Subsidiaries and Associates are measured at cost. Provision for impairment loss on such investment is made only when there is a diminution in value of the investment which is other than temporary.

##### vii Investment in Equity Instruments:

Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. All other equity instruments are classified as FVTOCI. Fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income. There is no recycling of the amounts from other comprehensive income to profit or loss

##### viii Investment in Debt Instruments:

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost or at FVTPL. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortised cost or as FVOCI, is classified as at FVTPL. Debt instruments included with in the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

##### ix Derecognition of Financial Assets

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

##### x Impairment of Financial Assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the financial assets that are debt instrument and trade receivables.

#### Financial Liabilities

##### i Classification

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Such liabilities, including derivatives that are liabilities, shall be subsequently measured at fair value.

##### ii Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of loans, borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. Financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and derivative

##### iii Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind-AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless

##### iv Loans and Borrowings

Interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

##### v Derecognition of Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



# KLG Stock Brokers Private Limited

## Notes to Financial Statements

### V Provision for Current and Deferred Tax:

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

#### I. Current tax

Current tax comprises of the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of the previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

- > has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- > intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### II. Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognized for the future tax consequences of deductible temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases at the reporting date, using the tax rate and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted as on reporting date. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- > entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- > deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

### VI Impairment of Assets:

At each balance sheet date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that any property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite lives may be impaired. If any such impairment exists the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

### VII Provision for Doubtful Debts and Loans and Advances:

Provision is made in the accounts for doubtful debts, loans and advances in cases where the management considers the debts, loans and advances to be doubtful of recovery.

### VIII Provision, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

A provision is recognized if as a result of a past event the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Contingent liabilities are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes. Contingent Assets are not recognised but disclosed in the Financial Statements when economic inflow is probable.

### IX Details of Shareholding of Promoters as on 31.3.2024

S. No.	Promoter Name	No. of Share	% of Total	% Change during the year
1	KLG Capital Services Limited	350000	100.00	0
	<b>Total</b>	<b>350000</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>0</b>

### X Details of Trade Payables

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as on 31.03.2024						
S. No.	Particulars	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	Total
1	MSME *	0	0	0	0	0
2	Others	0	0	0	0	0
3	Disputed dues-MSME	0	0	0	0	0
4	Disputed dues-Others	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	0	0	0	0	0

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as on 31.03.2023						
S. No.	Particulars	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More then 3 Years	Total
1	MSME *	0	0	0	0	0
2	Others	0	0	0	0	0
3	Disputed dues-MSME	0	0	0	0	0
4	Disputed dues-Others	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	0	0	0	0	0

\*There are no amounts payable to small-scale industrial undertaking as at the balance sheet date. This disclosure is based on the information available with the Company. The Company has not received any information from its vendors regarding their status under Micro, Small and

### XI Details of Trade Receivables

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as on 31.03.2024							
S. No.	Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 months -1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More then 3 Years	Total
1	Undisputed Trade receivables - considered	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Undisputed Trade receivables - considered	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Disputed Trade receivables - considered good	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Disputed Trade receivables - considered doubtful	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	0	0	0	0	0	0



# KLG Stock Brokers Private Limited

## Notes to Financial Statements

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as on 31.03.2023						
S. No.	Particulars	Less than 6	6 months -1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years
1	Undisputed Trade receivables - considered	0	0	0	0	0
2	Undisputed Trade receivables - considered	0	0	0	0	0
3	Disputed Trade receivables - considered good	0	0	0	0	0
4	Disputed Trade receivables - considered doubtful	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	0	0	0	0	0

### XII Details of title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company:

The Company do not have the immovable property whose title deeds are not held in the name of the Company as on 31.03.2024. (Previous Year 31.03.2023: Nil)

### XIII Details of Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP) as on 31.03.2024

The Company do not have Capital Work in Progress as on 31.03.2024. (Previous Year 31.03.2023: Nil)

### XIV Details of Intangible assets under development as on 31.03.2024:

The Company do not have Intangible assets under development in Progress as on 31.03.2024. (Previous Year 31.03.2023: Nil)

### XV Details of Benami Property as on 31.03.2024:

Company do not have any Benami Property as on 31.03.2024. (previous Year 31.03.2023: Nil)

### XVI Details of Surrender Income as on 31.03.2024:

The Company do not have any transaction not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in tax assessments under the income tax Act, 1961 ( Such as Search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the income tax Act, 1961), as on 31.03.2024. ( Previous Year 31.03.2023 : Nil)

### XVI Ratio Analysis

S. No.	Particulars	as on 31.03.2024	as on 31.03.2023
1	Current Ratio	11.06	12.44
2	Debt- Equity Ratio	NA	NA
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	NA	NA
4	Return on Equity Ratio	(0.01)	(0.02)
5	Inventory turnover Ratio	NA	NA
6	Trade Receivables turnover Ratio	NA	NA
7	Trade payables turnover Ratio	NA	NA
8	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	-	-
9	Net profit Ratio	NA	NA
10	Return on Capital employed	(0.01)	(0.02)
11	Return on investment	NA	NA

### Note 10

#### CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no contingent liabilities during the year.

### Note 11

In the opinion of the management, Current Assets, Loans and Advances are of the value stated, if realized in the ordinary course of business.

### Note 12

#### SEGMENT REPORTING

Segment Information : The Company's main business is that of brokers, underwriters, moneylenders and financing. All other activities of the Company are related to the main business. As such there are no separate reportable segments, as per the Ind-AS 108 on Operating Segment



# KLG Stock Brokers Private Limited

## Notes to Financial Statements

### Note 13

#### RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

##### a) List of Related parties

- 1 Holding Company  
KLG Capital Services Limited
- 2 Ultimate Holding Company  
Awalia Properties Pvt. Limited

##### b) Terms and Conditions of transactions with related parties

The Transactions from related parties are made on arm's length price. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest have been accounted on market rate except the advances which is merely reimbursement of expenses. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

##### c) Details of transactions with related parties

##### 1 With Holding company - KLG Capital Services Limited

Nature of Transactions	Amount in Rs	
	2023-24	2022-23
Short term Borrowings		
Opening Balance		
Received during the year	1,74,278	1,58,604
Closing Balance	1,000	15,674
	1,75,278	1,74,278

##### 2 With Ultimate Holding company - Awalia Properties Pvt. Limited

Nature of Transactions	Amount in Rs	
	2023-24	2022-23
Security Deposits		
	30,00,000	30,00,000

### Note - 14

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES:

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings and trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to provide guarantees to support its operations. The Company's principal financial assets include investment, loans and advances, trade and other receivables, and cash and bank balances that derive directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Company's senior management advises on financial decision and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables and advances to suppliers) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

#### Trade receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for major clients.

#### Financial instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved authorities. Credit limits of all authorities are reviewed by the Management on regular basis.

#### Liquidity risk

The Company monitors its risk of a shortage of funds using a liquidity planning tool.

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank overdrafts, Letter of Credit and working capital limits.





# KLG Stock Brokers Private Limited

## Notes to Financial Statements

### Note - 15

#### CAPITAL MANAGEMENT:

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, securities premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt.

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current year.

### Note - 16

#### EARNING PER SHARE:

Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
Net Profit / (Loss) After Tax available for Equity Shareholders (in Rs.)	(30,610)	(45,363)
Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each outstanding during the year	360000	3,60,000
Basic/Diluted Earning Per Share (in Rs.)	(0.09)	(0.13)

In terms of our report of even date attached  
For BHARAT SHAH & ASSOCIATES,  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No. 101249W

*Shah Bharat A*

BHARAT A. SHAH  
PROPRIETOR  
Membership No. 32281

PLACE: Mumbai  
DATE: 29-05-2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors  
*Chintan*  
Chintan Rajesh Chheda  
(Director)  
DIN: 08098371

*Arun*  
Arun Sahu  
(Director)  
DIN: 02591407

